Conceptual Site Model Considerations - Sediment/Surface Water		
Site Name		
Site Description	Location: Size:	
Conoral Site Conditions	Site Status: Active Inactive Unknown	
Current Conditions (Request maps of site and adjacent areas)	Describe present site conditions using information obtained during property inspection or site-specific documents to identify: Adjacent on-site land use (e.g. residential, recreational, industrial, etc.) Adjacent off-site land use Number/type of site occupants/users (adults, teens, children) Relative location on-base (e.g., distance from base boundary) Location relative to off-base land uses (e.g., distance to nearest off-base community [residential and non-residential]) Undeveloped land (biological habitats such as wetlands, forests, or grasslands) present on and/or near the site Water bodies present on and/or near the site Presence of federal/state listed habitats or species of concern (e.g., rare, threatened or endangered; "watch" list) on and/or near the site and/or base Fish/shellfish advisories Land use controls or other institutional controls	
Future Conditions (Request Master Plans and/or redevelopment plans)	Describe potential future conditions (obtain from Base Master Plans or redevelopment plans for property transfers), consider including information as was identified under "current conditions" above.	
Nature and Extent of Contamination		
Identifying Navy and Non- Navy Sources and Inputs	Has a Watershed Contaminated Source Document (WCSD) been completed for the site? Identify all potential past/current sources of contamination: Upland discharges, leaks, and/or spills Terrestrial watershed sources Up river surface water and/or sediment Groundwater Submerged structures/surfaces	

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	Sediment scour and resuspension Subsurface sediment Outfalls (industrial process water, storm water, sewer) Global, regional, and/or local atmospheric sources Other:
	Are chemical fingerprinting and/or chemical forensic studies available?
	Have chemical impacts been observed that are non-Navy related?
	For each source area, record the following information:
	Describe history of contamination
	Describe previous remedial/removal actions
	Location of source relative to site
	Distance to sensitive receptors (e.g., surface water bodies)
	Has the source been removed and/or controlled?
Impacted Media	What media has been impacted? Subtidal sediment Intertidal sediment Surface water
	Transition zone water (i.e., pore water) Shoreline seeps Dieta (figh, challfigh, handhis investables a gruptio vegetation)
	Biota (fish, shellfish, benthic invertebrates, aquatic vegetation)

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Background Concentrations and Reference Areas	Is sediment background/reference data available at the site? Site-specific data Base-wide data Watershed data
	What media are background data available for? Sediment Surface water Outfalls Permitted discharges (e.g., TMDLs) Biota
	Have reference areas been identified?
and Reference Areas	Sediment Surface water Habitat
	Are the designated reference areas representative of site conditions?
	Similar degree of development
	Similar ecology Similar hydrodynamics
	Consistent geomorphology Consistent sediment grain size, TOC
	Age of the data
	Media sampled
	Sample collection methods
	Number of sampling events
Data Quality	Analyses conducted relative to suspected chemical contaminants and degradation products
	Detection/reporting limits relative to screening criteria
	Sampling locations relative to source area(s)
	Availability of validation reports and metadata
	Has the redox state of the sediment environment been considered when interpreting the chemistry data?
Contaminant Transport Pathways/	Has a sediment transport study been completed?
Release Mechanisms	Consider transport pathways/release mechanisms below as appropriate:
	Sediment transport/resuspension

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	Surface water in-flow Storm water discharge and runoff Industrial discharges Soil/riverbank erosion Groundwater transport (dissolved/NAPL, particulate, colloidal) Bioturbation in the Biologically Active Zone Food chain/biological uptake Atmospheric deposition/cycling Sediment resuspension rates (dissolved and particulate organic carbon) Volatilization/gas ebullition Acid volatile sulfides Leaching to water column
	Consider the factors below that might affect migration as appropriate: Physical environment of the surface water body (hydrogeography, flow characteristics, tidal exchange) Anthropogenic activity in and around surface water body (e.g., MILCON, maintenance dredging, construction/redevelopment) Sediment lithology (i.e., fine-grained, medium-grained, coarse-grained) Sedimentation rates (to understand vertical profiling/sediment chronologies) Redox conditions Potential electron acceptors for biodegradation Organic carbon content
	Prop scour Migratory patterns of biota Salinity/salt wedge Seasonal effects (high tides) Episodic events (storms, large-scale climate patterns such as El Niño/La Niña)
Bioavailability Considerations	Is the food chain/food web well understood?

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	Have biological monitoring data or site-specific tissue data been collected at the site? Has the Navy performed any bioavailability/bioaccumulation studies for the site?
Risk Assessment Exposure Pa	athways and Receptors
Current and Future Adjacent Land Use	Current: residential industrial commercial agricultural recreational other
	Future: residential industrial commercial agricultural recreational other
	Surrounding: residential industrial commercial agricultural recreational other
Exposure Media	air surface water intertidal sediments subtidal sediment tissue
Potential Environmental Receptors ^(a)	Current: residents users (e.g., fishers/waders/swimmers/bird watchers) recreational users (e.g., fishers/waders/swimmers/bird watchers) subsistence anglers workers visitors other: Future: residents recreational users (e.g., fishers/waders/swimmers/bird watchers)

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	subsistence anglers workers occasional trespasser other: <u>Ecological</u>
	Current: plants pelagic microfauna benthic/epibenthic invertebrates bottom dwelling/pelagic fish reptiles amphibians birds mammals other:
	Future: plants pelagic microfauna benthic/epibenthic invertebrates bottom dwelling/pelagic fish reptiles amphibians birds mammals other:
Potentially Complete Routes of Exposure for Environmental Receptors	Current: fish/shellfish ingestion dermal uptake inhalation surface water ingestion dermal uptake inhalation fish/shellfish ingestion dermal uptake inhalation fish/shellfish ingestion dermal uptake inhalation surface water ingestion incidental sediment ingestion Ecological Current : fish/shellfish/benthic invertebrate ingestion incidental ingestion of sediment direct uptake from surface water surface water ingestion fish/shellfish/benthic invertebrate ingestion incidental ingestion of sediment direct uptake from water surface water ingestion
Appropriate Chemical-Specific Screening Level for Exposure	

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	Human: generic site-specific Ecological: generic site-specific
Is an Exposure Route Complete?	Human Current: yes no Rationale for exclusion of exposure pathway(s): Future: yes no Rationale for exclusion of exposure pathway(s): Ecological Current: yes no Rationale for exclusion of exposure pathway(s): Future: yes no Rationale for exclusion of exposure pathway(s):